Chapter 15
More Inheritance

• Reading: pp. 869-921
• Good Problems to Work: pp. 877-878 15.2, 15.3; pp. 883-884 15.4, 15.6 C, D; pp. 895-896 15.7, 15.8
• More Inheritance
• Polymorphism
• Virtual Functions
Polymorphism

- Code is said to be polymorphic if executing the code with different types of data produces different behavior.
- Program in the general, rather than program in the specific.
- Virtual functions make polymorphism possible.
Consider

```cpp
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Def1
{
    public:
        Def1() {cout << "Def1" << endl;}
        ~Def1() {cout << "~Def1" << endl;}
        void Foo() {cout << "Def1 Foo" << endl;}
};

class Def2 : public Def1
{
    public:
        Def2() {cout << "Def2" << endl;}
        ~Def2() {cout << "~Def2" << endl;}
        void Foo() {cout << "Def2 Foo" << endl;}
};
```
int main ()
{
    Def1 *pcDef1 = new Def1;
    Def2 *pcDef2 = new Def2;
    pcDef1->Foo();
    pcDef2->Foo();
    delete pcDef1;
    delete pcDef2;
}

What is the output? Why?
What is the output? Why?

```cpp
int main ()
{
    Def1 *pcDef1 = new Def1;
    Def1 *pcDef2 = new Def2; // type Def2 to Def1
    pcDef1->Foo();
    pcDef2->Foo();
    delete pcDef1;
    delete pcDef2;
}
```
Virtual Functions

• You can tell the compiler to select the more specialized version of a member function by declaring the member function to be a virtual function

• Declare a virtual function by prefixing its declaration with the word virtual
What is the output? Why?

If the following 2 changes are made to the previous program, what is the output? Why?

```cpp
virtual void Foo () {cout << "Def1 Foo" << endl;}
virtual void Foo () {cout << "Def2 Foo" << endl;}
int main ()
{
  Def1 *pcDef1 = new Def1;
  Def1 *pcDef2 = new Def2;
  pcDef1->Foo();
  pcDef2->Foo();
  delete pcDef1;
  delete pcDef2;
}
```
Virtual Destructor

- Any potential base class should have a virtual destructor
- Why? The compiler performs static binding on any destructor not declared virtual
- If the following changes are made to the original program, what is the output? Why?
Virtual Destructor

```cpp
virtual ~Def1 () {cout << "~Def1" << endl;}

virtual void Foo () {cout << "Def1 Foo" << endl;}

virtual void Foo () {cout << "Def2 Foo" << endl;}

int main ()
{
    Def1 *pcDef1 = new Def1;
    Def1 *pcDef2 = new Def2;
    pcDef1->Foo();
    pcDef2->Foo();
    delete pcDef1;
    delete pcDef2;
}
```