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# Inheritance

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## What is it?

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- Inheritance can be thought of as software reusability where one class inherits another classes' data and methods and adds new functionality of its own
- Parts:
  - superclass - the existing class
  - subclass - the new class with inherited members and additional behaviors

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## Public Inheritance

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- Every derived class object is also an object of the superclass.
- As an example, if the superclass is "Vehicle" then a subclass might be "Cars" and "Trucks." Cars inherit the members and behaviors of a Vehicle and add other behaviors and members
- Members of a subclass cannot directly access the private members of a superclass

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## Example

```
Class Person
{
  private:
    string name;
  public:
    Person() { setName(""); }
    Person(string pName) { setName(pName); }
    void setName(string pName) { name = pName; }
    string getName() { return name; }
};
```

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## Enumerated Data Types (4.14)

- Enumerated data types are programmer-defined data type that contain a set of named integer constants

```
enum Roster{ Abbey, Brittany,
             Stephanie, Brandon, Nick,
             Jacquie, Chris, Erik, Michaela,
             Reid, Josh, Perry, Monica, Maria,
             Max };
```

```
Roster student;
```

```
student = Chris;
```

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## Enumerations

- We are to create two enumerations to be used with the Person class as follows:

```
enum Discipline { MATH, BIOLOGY,
                  COMPUTER_SCIENCE };
```

```
enum Classification { FRESHMAN,
                      SOPHOMORE, JUNIOR, SENIOR };
```

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## Another Class

```
class Student : public Person
{
private:
    Discipline major;
    Person *advisor;
public:
    void setMajor(Discipline d) { major = d; }
    Discipline getMajor() { return major; }
    void setAdvisor(Person *p) { advisor = p; }
    Person *getAdvisor() { return advisor; }
};
```

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## Yet Another Class

```
class Faculty : public Person
{
private:
    Discipline department;
public:
    void setDepartment(Discipline d) {
        department = d; }
    Discipline getDepartment() { return
        department; }
};
```

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## So, how can they be used?

```
const string dName[] = { "Math", "Bio", "CS" };
const string cName[] = { "Freshman", "Sophomore",
    "Junior", "Senior" };
int main()
{
    Faculty prof;
    prof.setName("Indianan Jones");
    prof.setDepartment(MATH);
    cout << "Prof." << prof.getName() << " teaches in ";
    Discipline dept = prof.getDepartment();
    cout << dName[dept] << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

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