

# Math122 College Algebra

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### **Combining Functions**

• Let *f* and *g* be functions with domain *A* and *B* respectively.

 $\succ f + g$  is (f + g)(x) = f(x) + g(x) with domain  $A \cap B$ 

► 
$$\frac{f}{g}$$
 is  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$  with domain  $A \cap B$  and  $g(x) \neq 0$ 

• Let  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$ , find  $\gg f + g$ 

#### $\succ$ the domain of f + g

$$\succ (f+g)(3)$$

• Let 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$$
 and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$ , find  
 $\gg f - g$ 

#### $\succ$ the domain of f - g

$$\succ (f-g)(3)$$

• Let  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$ , find  $\gg fg$ 

#### $\succ$ the domain of fg



• Let  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$ , find  $\geq f/g$ 

#### > the domain of f/g

# **Composition of Functions**

- Given two functions f and g, the composite function f 

   g read "f-compose-g" is
   (f 
   g)(x) = f(g(x))
- Notice the output of g is the input of f
- Draw a diagram that shows how the composition of functions works with *x* as the input

- Let f(x) = x<sup>2</sup> and g(x) = x − 3, find
   >(f ∘ g)(x)
  - $\succ (f \circ g)(5)$
  - $\succ (g \circ f)(x)$
  - $\succ (g \circ f)(7)$