# Math122 College Algebra 

Professor Douglas J. Ryan

## P. 6

## Algebraic Expressions

- Examples of algebraic expressions

1. $4 a^{3}+2 a+1$
2. $5+\sqrt[3]{x}$
3. $\frac{2 y}{y^{3}-2}$

- Remember, variables such as $a, x$, and $y$ just represent any number from a given set of numbers


## Polynomials

- A monomial is an expression of the form $a x^{k}$ where $a$ is a real number an $k$ is a non-negative integer
- A binomial is the sum of two monomials
- A trinomial is the sum of three monomials
- A polynomial is a sum of monomials

State whether each expression from the previous slide is a monomial, binomial, trinomial, polynomial, or none of the aforementioned

## Polynomials

- A polynomial is of the form:
$>a_{n} x^{n}+a_{n-1} x^{n-1}+\cdots+a_{1} x+a_{0}$ where $a_{0}, a_{1, \ldots,}, a_{n}$ are real numbers and $n$ is a nonnegative integer.
$>$ if $a_{n} \neq 0$ then the polynomial has degree $n$
$>$ the terms of the polynomial are monomials of the form $a_{k} x^{k}$


## Problem

| Polynomial | Type | Terms | Degiree |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $3 x^{4}-5 x^{2}+7$ |  |  |  |
| $10 y^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |
| $5 y+y^{4}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Note: The Type is monomial, binomial, trinomial, four terms, five terms, ...

## Polynomial Addition \& Subtraction

- We add and subtract polynomials by combining like terms
- Find the sum of

$$
\left(y^{4}-3 y^{2}+7\right)+\left(4 y^{4}+y^{3}+2 y^{2}-1\right)
$$

- Find the difference of

$$
\left(y^{4}-3 y^{2}+7\right)-\left(4 y^{4}+y^{3}+2 y^{2}-1\right)
$$

## Multiplying Algebraic Expressions

- In general,

$$
(a+b)(c+d)=
$$

- Find

$$
\text { 1. }(3 y+1)(4 y-2)
$$

2. $(2 z+4)\left(z^{2}-2 z+1\right)$

## Special Product Formulas

1. $(A+B)(A-B)=$
2. $(A+B)^{2}=$
3. $(A-B)^{2}=$
4. $(A+B)^{3}=$
5. $(A-B)^{3}=$

## Problem

- Use the special product formulas to find each of the following. In each case, what is A and what is B ?

1. $(2 x+3)^{2}$
2. $\left(y^{2}-2\right)^{3}$
