CS430 Exam 2 Review

Chapter 4 Cache Memory (Reading pp. 113-146)

- Memory Hierarchy (registers, cache, ...)
- Memory Design Issues (cache vs main memory vs secondary storage)
- Locality of Reference
- Spatial vs Temporal Locality
- Memory access time, cycle time, transfer rate
- · Logical vs Physical Cache
- Virtual address vs Physical address
- Cache Mapping Functions
 - Direct
 - Fully Associative
 - Set Associative
- Cache Replacement Algorithms
 - o LRU
 - o FIFO
 - o LFU
 - o Random
- Cache Write Policies
 - Write back
 - Write through
- Multilevel Caches
- Unified vs Split Cache
- Pentium 4
 - o Instruction fetch/decode unit
 - Micro-operations
 - Register Files
- ARM
 - Write Buffer

Chapter 5 Internal Memory (Reading pp. 160-169)

- DRAM vs SRAM
- SRAM
 - Flip-flop p.388-392
 - S-R
 - Clocked S-R
 - D

- J-K
- DRAM
 - o Refresh
 - Density
- Semiconductor memory types
 - RAM
 - ROM
 - EPROM
 - o PROM
 - o Flash
- Memory Chip Logic for DRAM
 - o Row & Column Select
 - Write & Output Enable
 - Row & Column Address buffer
 - Refresh counter
 - o MUX
 - Decoder
 - Memory Array
 - Address & Data lines
 - o DIP

Chapter 9 Number Systems (Reading pp. 310-317)

- Decimal number system
- MSB, LSB, msb, lsb
- Binary number system
- Converting between binary & decimal (e.g. 123.75 to binary or 110101.0101 to decimal)
- Hexadecimal notation

Chapter 10 Computer Arithmetic (Reading pp. 320-333; 341-349)

- ALU
- Integer Representation
 - Unsigned
 - Signed
 - o 1's Complement
 - o 2's Complement
- Addition & Subtraction
 - Unsigned

- Signed
- Used of CF & OF flag
- o Meaning of overflow for signed & unsigned
- Carry-in & carry-out
- Unsigned Multiplication
- IEEE-754 Floating-point Representation
 - Single-precision & double-precision
 - Sign
 - Biased exponent
 - Significand (mantissa)
 - Normalized number
 - Non-normalized number
 - Range of number, range of exponent, range of significand

Chapter 12 Instruction Sets: Characteristics & Functions (Reading pp. 406-418)

- Machine Instruction
 - o Opcode
 - o Source & destination operand
 - Number of Addresses
 - Zero
 - One
 - Two
 - Three
 - Operand Types
 - Addresses
 - Numbers
 - Binary fixed point
 - Binary floating point
 - BCD (packed & unpacked)
 - Characters
 - Logical Data
 - o Big-endian & little-endian
 - Basic CISC vs RISC
 - Data alignment penalties