



CS260 Intro to Java & Android

10.AndroidAdvUI (Part II)

Winter 2014

Creating TicTacToe for Android

- Now that we have TicTacToe displayed graphically on the screen, we need to provide game play

Android Size

- When a View's constructor is called, the size is unknown.
- View size is calculated during the layout stage (i.e. after the constructor but before the draw)
- Use `onSizeChanged ()` to be notified when values are known or changed
- `getWidth ()` and `getHeight ()` can be used in `onDraw`

Game Play

- The drawing and game play will happen in the View; therefore, keep a reference to the Game class
- Note: The main activity is in TicTacToeGame.java

```
private final TicTacToeGame mTicTacToeAndroid;
```

```
public CustomDrawableView (Context context)  
{  
    super (context);  
    this.mTicTacToeAndroid = (TicTacToeGame) context;  
    setFocusable (true);  
    setFocusableInTouchMode (true);  
}
```

What if View is changed?

- In CustomDrawableView

```
@Override
```

```
protected void onSizeChanged (int viewWidth, int viewHeight,  
    int oldViewWidth, int oldViewHeight)  
{  
    mRectangleWidth = viewWidth / (int) mNUMBER_OF_RECTANGLES;  
    mRectangleHeight = viewHeight / (int) mNUMBER_OF_RECTANGLES;  
  
    super.onSizeChanged (viewWidth, viewHeight,  
        oldViewWidth, oldViewHeight);  
}
```

Override onTouchEvent

- Write the Android code necessary to override the `onTouchEvent` so that:
 1. The (x,y) coordinates are displayed in the LogCat window
 2. The $(xTile,yTile)$ of the TicTacToe game are displayed in the LogCat window

Hook up your TicTacToe Java

- Get some piece of information from the TicTacToe Java game and display the info in the LogCat window after an onTouchEvent has occurred