## CS150 Intro to CS I

Fall 2014

# Chapter 7 Two-dimensional Arrays

- Reading: pp. 418-425
- Good Problems to Work: p. 426 [7.19, 7.20, 7.21, 7.23, 7.25]

## 2D Arrays

Consider double scores[3][4]

	Column 0	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Row 0	[0][0]	[0][1]	[0][2]	[0][3]
Row 1	[1][0]	[1][1]	[1][2]	[1][3]
Row 2	[2][0]	[2][1]	[2][2]	[2][3]

#### Notice:

- 1. Number of rows = 3 with subscripts going from 0 to 2
- 2. Number of columns = 4 with subscripts going from 0 to 3
- 3. Number of elements = 3 \* 4 = 12

## 2D Array Initialization

2D arrays can be initialized just as 1D arrays

```
int values[3][2] = \{\{1, 2\}, \{3, 4\}, \{5, 6\}\};
```

 Write a program segment to find the sum of all of the values in the array

#### **Practice**

- Using the array below, print the following assuming the array already contains data:
  - 1. the average score for each assignment

```
Assignment #1 - Average Score: xx
Assignment #2 - Average Score: xx
```

```
const int NUM_OF_STUDENTS = 24;
const int NUM_OF_ASSIGNMENTS = 6;
int testScores[NUM_OF_STUDENTS][NUM_OF_ASSIGNMENTS];
```

#### **Practice**

- Using the array below, print the following assuming the array already contains data:
  - 1. the average score for each student

```
Student #1 - Average Score: xx
Student #2 - Average Score: xx
```

```
const int NUM_OF_STUDENTS = 24;
const int NUM_OF_ASSIGNMENTS = 6;
int testScores[NUM_OF_STUDENTS][NUM_OF_ASSIGNMENTS];
```

### Passing 2D Arrays to Functions

 2D arrays can be passed to functions just as 1D arrays BUT the number of columns must contain a size declarator

 Notice the array is still passed by reference but protected with const

#### **Practice**

- Using the array below, write function prototypes for each of the following:
  - 1. return the average score for a particular assignment
  - 2. return the average score for a particular student

```
const int NUM_OF_STUDENTS = 24;
const int NUM_OF_ASSIGNMENTS = 6;
int testScores[NUM_OF_STUDENTS][NUM_OF_ASSIGNMENTS];
```