CS130 Regression

Fall 2011

Regression Analysis

- Regression analysis:
  - usually falls under statistics and mathematical **modeling** and can be applied to many scientific and business applications
  - is a form of statistical analysis used in **forecasting**
  - estimates the relationship between variables
    - Allows predictions
- During regression analysis, we need to fit functions to data.
  - What function best describes this data?

Regression Analysis

- Trendlines are used to graphically display trends in data and to analyze problems of prediction.
- Draw a line that best fits the data.
- Regression analysis allows you to extend a trendline in a chart beyond the actual data to predict values
- Place the line such that the distance from each data point to the line is minimized.

Regression Analysis

- There a many types of regression models, the most common is linear regression
- In linear regression, we try to find a straight line that best fits our data.
  - Plot data using Excel's XY or scatter chart.
  - Add the trendline to the chart

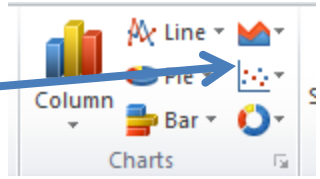
Regression Analysis using Excel

Problem 7.1

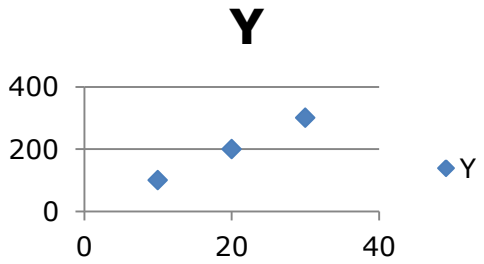
Create the following worksheet
Select both columns of data
Select the Insert tab

	A	B
1	X	Y
2	10	100
3	20	200
4	30	300
5		

Select the ScatterPlot

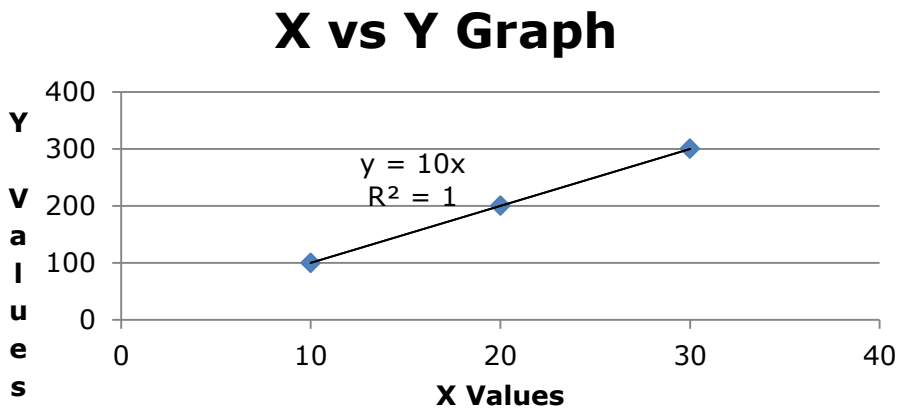


Results



Add Trendline & Equation

- Dress up the graph using the Layout tab
  - Select Axes Titles to label the x & y-axis
  - Select Analysis to add a trendline, equation, and **R^2** value



- Change the Y value from 200 to 150. What do you notice?

Problem 7.2

In the CS130 Pub folder is a file called CandyBars.xls. Copy this file to your Desktop, open it and do the following.

1. Create a ScatterPlot of the data Carbohydrates and Sugars. Which goes on the X-Axis? Why?
2. Add a trendline to your chart, display the function or equation, and display the R^2 value
3. Is the function a good predictor? Why or Why not?
4. What is the amount of sugars (in grams) that we can expect from a candy bar with 60 grams of carbohydrates?
5. Add an empty column after name. In that column, place an asterisk for foods that have a carbohydrate count of 40 grams or higher and a sugar count of 35 grams or higher.
6. Turn on the **AutoFilter** and find out the number of M&M/Mars candy that fits these criteria.

Nonlinear Regression

- Often times, relationships are nonlinear and we need a different type of graph to fit the data.
- Excel provides us with different types of nonlinear functions that we can use to fit data. These functions include:
  - Polynomial
  - Exponential
  - Logarithmic
  - Power

Problem 7.3

Copy AIDS.csv from CS130 Public to your desktop
Open with Excel
Save as AIDS.xlsx

Let us consider the following data which represents the number of deaths, N, from AIDS in the United States from 1981 to 1996, where t denotes the number of years after 1980.

1. Fit different types of nonlinear functions to the data
2. Which works best?
3. How do we know?

t	N
1	159
2	622
3	2130
4	5635
5	12607
6	24717
7	41129
8	62248
9	90039
10	121577
11	158193
12	199287
13	243923
14	292586
15	340957
16	375904

Problem 7.3 Continued

1. What is the predicted number of deaths from AIDS in 1997?
   - Actual number of AIDS deaths in the US in 1997: ~18,000

2. In what year can we expect 1,000,000 deaths from AIDS?

Solving Exponential and Logarithmic Equations

- Recall that to solve an equation of the form $y = ae^{bx}$ for x (where a and b are just constants), you first divide by a to obtain $y/a = e^{bx}$. Now, you must take the natural logarithm of each side to obtain $\ln(y/a)=bx$. Dividing by b yields $x = (1/b)\ln(y/a)$.

- Recall that to solve an equation of the form $y = a \ln(bx)$ for x (where a and b are just constants), you again divide by a to obtain $y/a = \ln(bx)$. Now, you must exponentiate each side to obtain $e^{y/a} = bx$. Dividing by b yields $x = (1/b)e^{y/a}$.

Problem 7.4

The following data is from an actual study that considered how memory decreases with time.

- Read a list of 20 words slowly aloud
- later, at different time intervals, how many can you recognize?
- The percentage, P, of words recognized was recorded as a function of the time t elapsed in minutes.

Problem 7.4 Continued

zeus.cs.pacificu.edu/chadd/cs131s11/Problem74.html

T,min	5	15	30	60	120	240	480	720	2880	5760
P%	73.0	61.7	58.3	55.7	50.3	46.7	38.3	29.0	24.0	18.7

1. What is the logarithmic trendline for the given data?
2. At what time T can we expect 40% of the words to be remembered? In order to solve this problem, rewrite the logarithmic equation solving for x. Then using Excel, find the answer to the given question.
3. Check your answer using Goal Seek. The two answers should be very close.