## CS150 Intro to CS I

## Fall 2015

## Chapter 4 Making Decisions

- Reading: Chapter 4 (4.1 pp. 149-154; 4.2 pp. 154-162; 4.3 pp. 162-165)
- Good Problems to Work: pp.153-154[4.1, 4.2]; p.162[4.5, 4.7, 4.9], p.165[4.10, 4.11]


## Conditionals

- So far, we can Input, Output and Calculate
- How can we explore relationships between data?
- How can our program only do certain things sometimes?


## Decisions

- Relational Expressions allow our program to make a decision
> based on the data in the program
- What are some decisions we might want our program to make?


## Relational Operators

Operator Meaning
$>\quad$ Greater than
$<\quad$ Less than
$>=\quad$ Greater than or equal to
$<=\quad$ Less than or equal to
$==\quad$ Equal to
$!=\quad$ Not equal to

- All operators are binary
- Each operator is left associative. What does this mean?


## Operator Precedence (highest to lowest)



## The if Statement

- We execute each statement in our program in order
- What if we only want to execute a statement sometimes?
- The if statement
- Single-alternative if if ( condition )


## Practice

```
int age;
const int VOTING_AGE = 18;
cout << "Enter your age:";
cin >> age;
if (age >= VOTING_AGE)
{
        cout << age << " >= " << VOTING_AGE;
        cout << " You can vote!" << end\overline{l};
}
```

What values of age need to be entered to fully test this code?

## Practice

Write a C++ program segment that allows the user the ability to enter 3 exam scores one at a time. If the average exam score is higher than 60, output "You Passed"; otherwise output "You Failed". Sum the scores as they are entered.

1. What variables (including their types) are needed in this program segment?
Hint: If the variable count contains the value 0 , what is the value of count after executing the statement count $=$ count +1 ;
2. What do you need to do conditionally?
3. What data is necessary to use in the condition?

## Problem

Your local bookstore has asked you to write a program to help them determine the cost of shipping of customer orders.

1. If the order is $\$ 30$ or less then shipping will cost $\$ 5$
2. If the order is over $\$ 30$ then shipping will be $\$ 3$.

Write a C++ program to solve this problem

## Problem Modification

The bookstore has now changed it's shipping policy so that

1. If the order is $\$ 30$ or less, shipping is $\$ 5$
2. If the order is over $\$ 30$ but less than $\$ 50$, shipping is \$3
3. If the order is $\$ 50$ or more then shipping is $\$ 2$

What would we need to change in the program?

