7. REGRESSION

Winter 2019

Regression Analysis

- Regression analysis:
 - usually falls under statistics and mathematical modeling
 - is a form of statistical analysis used in forecasting
 - estimates the relationship between variables
 - Allows predictions
- During regression analysis, we need to fit functions to data.
 - What function best describes this data?

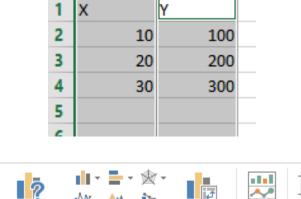
Regression Analysis

- Trendlines are used to graphically display trends in data and to analyze problems of prediction.
- Draw a line that best fits the data.
- Regression analysis allows you to extend a trendline in a chart beyond the actual data to predict values
- Place the line such that the distance from each data point to the line is minimized.

Regression Analysis

- There a many types of regression models, the most common is linear regression
- In linear regression, we try to find a straight line that best fits our data.
 - Plot data using Excel's XY or scatter chart.
 - Add the trendline to the chart

- Using Excel, create the following worksheet
- Select both columns of data
- Select the Insert tab



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В

PivotChart

Power

View

Reports

Α

Charts

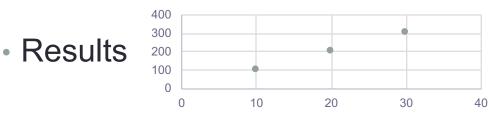
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Recommended

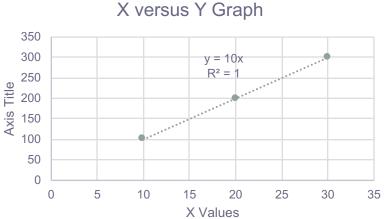
charts

Select the ScatterPlot



Add Trendline & Equation

- Dress up the graph using the Layout tab
 - Click on graph, select Design ribbon, then Add Chart Element
 - Select Axes Titles to label the x & y-axis
 - Click on one point of the graph, then right-click, then select add trendline and select Linear with Display Equation on chart and Display R-squared value on chart options selected



 Change the Y value in your table from 200 to 150. What do you notice?

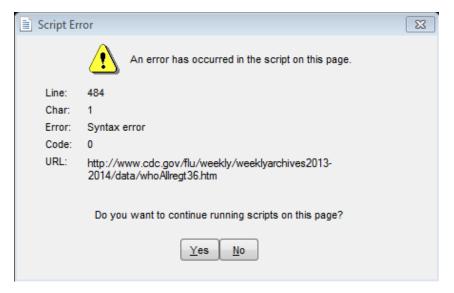
- In the CS130 Public folder is a file called CandyBars.xlsx. Copy this file to your Desktop, open it and do the following.
 - Create a ScatterPlot of the data Carbohydrates and Sugars. Which goes on the X-Axis? Why? Place sugar on the x-axis.
 - Add a trendline to your chart, display the function or equation, and display the R² value
 - Is the function a good predictor? Why or Why not?
 - What is the amount of sugars (in grams) that we can expect from a candy bar with 60 grams of carbohydrates?
 - Add an empty column after name. In that column, place an asterisk for foods that have a carbohydrate count of 40 grams or higher and a sugar count of 35 grams or higher.
 - Turn on the AutoFilter and find out the number of M&M/Mars candy that fits these criteria.

Nonlinear Regression

- Often times, relationships are nonlinear and we need a different type of graph to fit the data.
- Excel provides us with different types of nonlinear functions that we can use to fit data. These functions include:
 - Polynomial
 - Exponential
 - Logarithmic
 - Power

http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/weeklyarchives2013-2014/data/whoAllregt36.htm

Import the table from the link above, and you may get the script error, but click **No** multiple times.



Problem 7.3 Continued

 Add a column called totals and sum up the number of total flu infections that have occurred.

Week	A(H1)	A(2009 H1N1)	A(H3)	A(unable to sub-type)	A(Subtyping not performed)	В	Total # Tested	% Positive	Totals
40	0	68	13	0	83	27	4772	4.02	191
41	0	57	23	0	116	29	5636	3.99	225
42	0	49	15	0	94	26	5716	3.22	184
43	0	70	17	0	100	14	5650	3.56	201
44	0	87	26	0	136	42	6163	4.72	291

Problem 7.3 Continued

- The flu season can be broken into two phases, flu growth and flu decline.
 - 1. Create a graph of weeks 40 through 1. Properly label the graph.
 - 2. Create a graph of weeks 2 through 36. Properly label the graph.
- Fit different types of nonlinear functions to the growth data.
 Don't include week column. Why?
- Which works best?
- How do we know?

Problem 7.3 Continued

Using the exponential trendline:

- 1. If the growth phase did not end, how many infections would we expect in week 15?
- 2. If the growth phase did not end, in what week would we expect 10,000 infections?

Solving Exponential & Log. Equations

• Recall that to solve an equation of the form $y = ae^{bx}$ for x (where a and b are constants), you first divide by a to obtain $\frac{y}{a} = e^{bx}$. Now, you must take the natural logarithm of each side to obtain $\ln\left(\frac{y}{a}\right) = bx$. Dividing by b yields

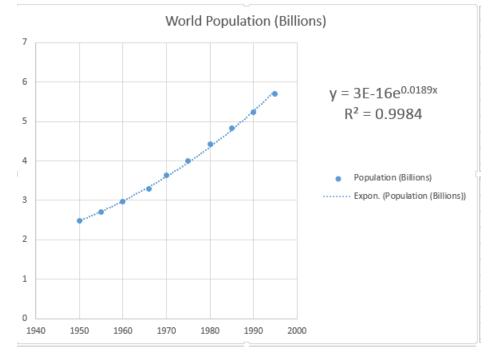
$$x = \frac{1}{b} \ln\left(\frac{y}{a}\right).$$

• Recall that to solve an equation of the form $y = a \ln(bx)$ for x (where a and b are constants), you again divide by ato obtain $\frac{y}{a} = \ln(bx)$. Now, you must exponentiate each side to obtain $e^{y/a} = bx$. Dividing by b yields

$$x = \frac{1}{b}e^{y/a}$$

http://zeus.cs.pacificu.edu/chadd/cs130w17/WorldPop.html

Import this data into Excel and run an exponential regression.



The equation contains a good deal of rounding.

We know this from E-16

In order to use the equation to predict values:

Right Click Equation Format Trendline Label Number Decimal Places: 18

7.4 Continued

- What is the predicted population in 2000?
- When will the population hit 7.0 billion people?
- Check WorldOMeters to see when the world hit 7 billion people. How accurate was the model?

http://www.worldometers.info/world-population/

- The following data is from an actual study that considered how memory decreases with time.
- Read a list of 20 words slowly aloud
- later, at different time intervals, how many can you recognize?
- The percentage, P, of words recognized was recorded as a function of the time t elapsed in minutes.

Problem 7.5 Continued

http://zeus.cs.pacificu.edu/chadd/cs130w17/Problem75.html

T,min	5	15	30	60	120	240	480	720	2880	5760
P%	73.0	61.7	58.3	55.7	50.3	46.7	38.3	29.0	24.0	18.7

- 1. What is the logarithmic trendline for the given data?
- 2. At what time T can we expect 40% of the words to be remembered? In order to solve this problem, rewrite the logarithmic equation solving for x. Then using Excel, find the answer to the given question.
- 3. Check your answer using Goal Seek. The two answers should be very close.